

THE ENLIGHTENMENT

THE ENLIGHTENMENT:

a European
intellectual movement
of the late 17th and
18th centuries
emphasizing reason
and individualism
rather than
tradition.



THE ENLIGHTENMENT:

It Changes the way that people in Europe view society, politics, government, and the economy.

The ideals that modern democracies are based on come arise during this time, like liberty and justice.



THE ENLIGHTENMENT:

These democratic ideas were promoted by Philosophes and changed the way that people thought about governments.

These ideas encouraged colonies to break away from their mother countries.



THE ENLIGHTENMENT:

As always, the ideas of the Enlightenment took time to spread, and encountered resistance along the way.



ORIGINS OF THE ENLIGHTENMENT

Renaissance:

The rise of Humanism (the worth of the individual) and the revival of interest in the classics helped create the perfect environment for the Enlightenment.



ORIGINS OF THE ENLIGHTENMENT

Reformation:

The reformers questioned authority and encouraged people to think for themselves.



ORIGINS OF THE ENLIGHTENMENT

Scientific Revolution:

Encouraged people to draw conclusions based on logic, experiments, and observations. The Enlightenment Thinkers used similar methods.



PEOPLE OF THE ENLIGHTENMENT



Read the article included in the folders to fill out the People of the Enlightenment chart.

When you are finished get out your Unit 4 Vocabulary and work on finishing it. The Vocab will be due next class.